

Kubernetes in production

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About me

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Cloud Architect at Mirantis
MCP Kubernetes

Python developer

Prev: Infra engineer at FIT CTU

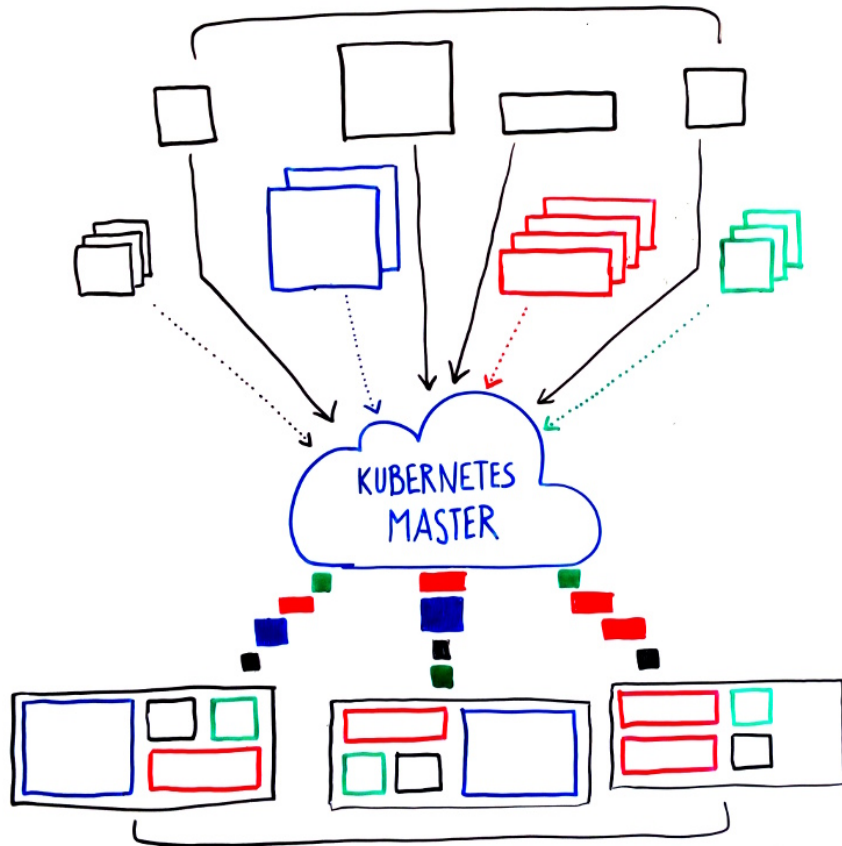


From Docker to Kubernetes

- Containers to pods
- Cluster network
- Modular architecture
- Desired state

Kubernetes resources

- node - machine
- pod - group of containers
- rc - replication-controller
- svc - service
- pv - persistent volume
- pvc - pv claim



```
apiVersion: extensions/v1beta1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: flask
spec:
  replicas: 3
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: flask
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: nginx
          image: tomkukral/flask-app-demo
          imagePullPolicy: Always
          ports:
            - containerPort: 5000
          env:
            - name: REDIS_MASTER_SERVICE_HOST
              value: redis
```

Let's install Kubernetes

- Minikube
- Picokube
- Kubectl
- Kubespray
- Salt formula Kubernetes
- Hosted solutions

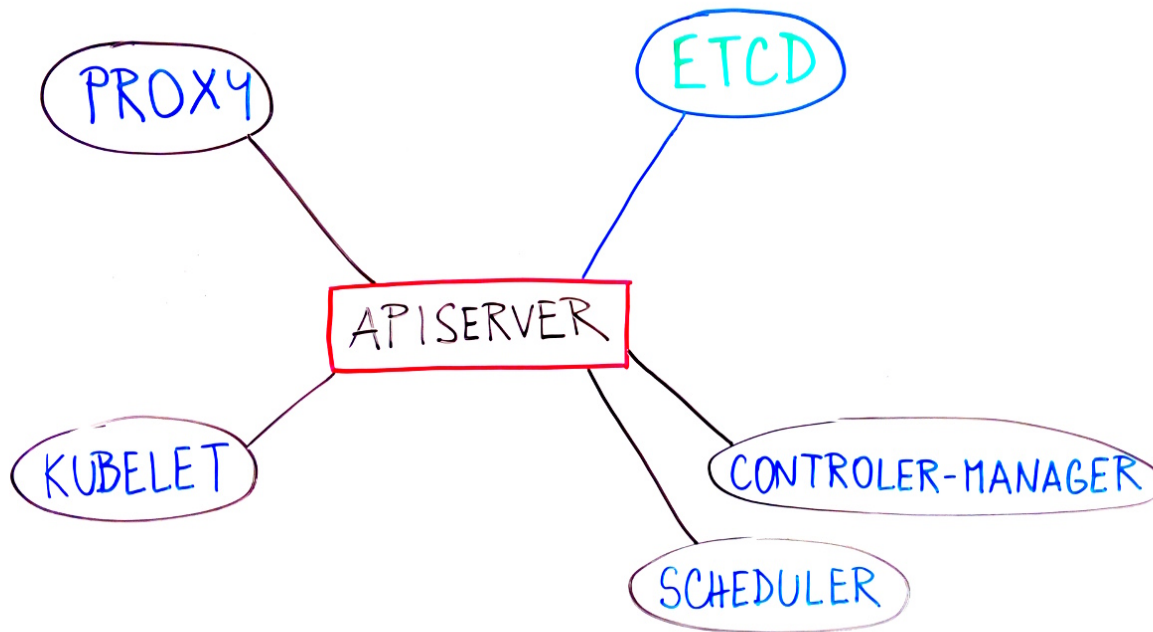
Give me a HA!

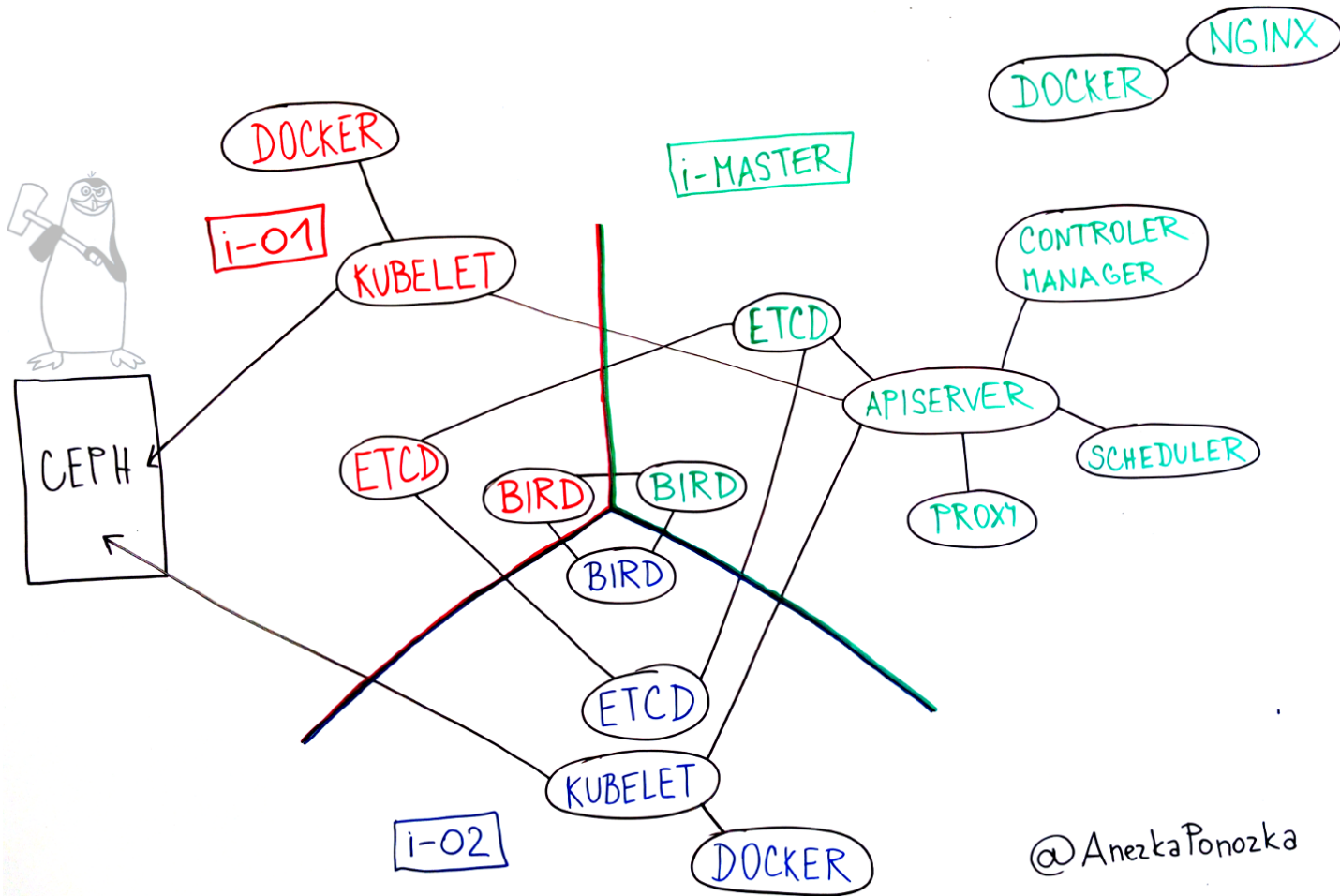
Know you workloads

- Dynamic vs static
- Stateful vs stateless
- Multi vs single worker application

Kubernetes control plane

- Etcd
- Apiserver
- Scheduler, controller-manager
- Kubelet
- Proxy



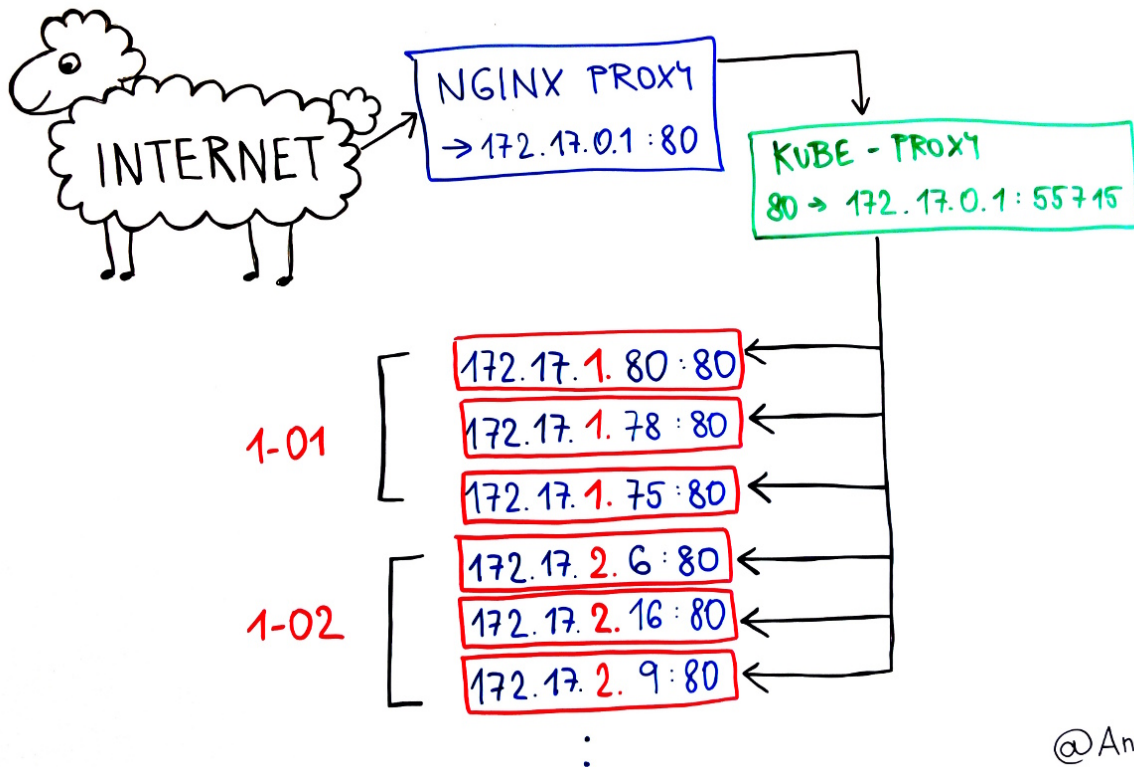


Storage

- Kubernetes is dynamic, storage should be dynamic
- Ceph RBD or CephFS
- AWS EBS, GCP disks
- NFS, hostPath

Network

- Customer traffic
- Overlay vs underlay
- Don't use ClusterIP for customer traffic
- LoadBalancer or Ingress controller
- Advanced tools for microservice: istio, linkerd



@AnezkaPonozka

Know your images.

- Diversity vs unification
- Kernel features
- Different libraries and versions
- Image building pipeline
- Registries: [registry:2](#), [Atomic registry](#)
- Audit images running in cluster
- What is `gcr.io/google_containers/pause-amd64:3.0`?

Tune your Kubernetes

- Etcd - `snapshot-count`
- Apiserver - `target-ram-mb`, `max-*requests-inflight`
- Controller-manager - `concurrent-*`

- Kubelet - `max-pods`, `*-reserved`

- All daemons - `kube-api-burst`, `kube-api-qps`

- [Applatix: Making Kubernetes Production Ready – Part 2](#)

LCM plan

- update packages?
- minor/major updates
- etcd updates
- networking updates

Component dependencies

- Everything is using apiserver
- apiserver is using etcd
- calico?
- Registry
- DNS service

Intelligent monitoring

- Pods starts and die
- Workload changes
- Adding (and removing) new minions

Backup

- Scope of the backups
- Recovery scenario
- Recover or reborn?
- Configuration

You don't need **istio** and **linkerd** for you web app with 3 containers.

Let's run everything in Kubernetes!

Great, let's parse `kubectl` output!

Demo time!

Thanks for you attention.

See you at Containers Meetup!